

NAF 4.0 viewpoints and views

The NATO Architecture Framework (NAF) is a standard for developing Enterprise Architectures. An Enterprise Architecture is a model of a current or future state of an enterprise. An enterprise could be an organization, a system (including the human factors) or a project. The purpose of enterprise architecture is to capture the complex dependencies that exist in large-scale systems of systems so as to aid with decision support. NAF provides a standard way to model the architecture.

	Taxonomy	Structure	Connectivity	Behaviour			Information	Constraints	Roadmap
				Processes	States	Sequences			
Concepts	C1 Capability Concepts	C2 Enterprise Concepts	C3 Capability Connections	C4 Business Processes	C5 Mission		C7 Information Requirements	C8 Physical Constraints	C9 Capability Realization
Service Specifications	S1 Service Interface		S2 Service Endpoints	S3 Service Capabilities	S4 Service States	S5 Service References	S6 Service Information	S7 Service Policy	S8 Service Realization
Logical Specifications	L1 Role Types	L2 Logical Entities	L3 Role Connections	L4 Logical Architectures	L5 Logical States	L6 Logical Sequences	L7 Logical Data Model	L8 Logical Constraints	L9 Logical Realization
Physical Resource Specifications	P1 Resource Types	P2 Resource Endpoints	P3 Resource Connections	P4 Resource Capabilities	P5 Resource States	P6 Resource References	P7 Physical Data Model	P8 Resource Constraints	P9 Resource Realization
Deployed Resources	DR1 Resource Data	DR2 Deployed Resources							DR3 Deployment Schedule
Architecture Meta-Data	AM1 Meta-Data Collection	AM2 Architecture Properties	AM3 Architecture Connections	AM4 Architecture Usage	AM5 Architecture States	AM6 Architecture References	AM7 Architecture Data Model	AM8 Architecture Constraints	AM9 Architecture Realization

NAF 4.0 viewpoints

- Concepts viewpoint
- Logical viewpoint
- Service viewpoint
- Physical Resource viewpoint
- Deployed Resources viewpoint
- Architecture Meta-Data viewpoint