

Creating a pattern

Here is an example of a simple pattern for adding a method into the target classifier. The pattern allows for editing a method name in the **Pattern Wizard**. The pattern will be added as a plugin into your modeling tool.

The example consists of 5 steps:

[Step #1. Creating a pattern properties class](#)

[Step #2. Creating a pattern panels class](#)

[Step #3. Creating a pattern class](#)

[Step #4. Creating *Description.html*](#)

[Step #5. Creating plugins](#)

Step #1. Creating a pattern properties class

The *MyPattern* class has only two main properties for displaying the not editable target classifier name and for entering the method name.

```
package com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.examples.mypatterns;

import com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.patterns.
AbstractPatternProperties;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.properties.StringProperty;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.properties.PropertyManager;

public class MyPatternProperties extends AbstractPatternProperties
{
    public static final String TARGET_CLASS = "TARGET_CLASS";
    public static final String METHOD_NAME = " METHOD_NAME ";

    /**
     * Add two properties into main properties manager.
     */
    protected void configurePropertyManager()
    {
        StringProperty p = new StringProperty(TARGET_CLASS,
getTarget().getTargetClassifier().getName());
        p.setResourceProvider(MyResourceProvider.getInstance());
        p.setEditable(false);
        PropertyManager properties = getPropertyManager();
        properties.addProperty(p);

        p = new StringProperty(METHOD_NAME, "method");
        p.setResourceProvider(MyResourceProvider.getInstance());
        properties.addProperty(p);
    }
}
```

MyPattern does not have extended properties, so we do not override the [com.nomagic.magicdraw.patterns.AbstractPatternProperties.configureExtendedPropertyManager\(\)](#) method.

Names of your modeling tool properties can be translated into other programming languages, so they are not hard coded inside the properties. To get a property name from the property ID, [com.nomagic.magicdraw.properties.PropertyResourceProvider](#) is used.

Let's write a simple [PropertyResourceProvider](#) for our pattern's properties.

```

package com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.examples.mypatterns;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.properties.PropertyResourceProvider;
public class MyResourceProvider implements PropertyResourceProvider
{
    /**
     * An instance of this provider.
     */
    private static MyResourceProvider mInstance;

    /**
     * Returns a shared instance of this provider.
     * @return a shared instance.
     */
    public static MyResourceProvider getInstance()
    {
        if(mInstance == null)
        {
            mInstance = new MyResourceProvider();
        }
        return mInstance;
    }

    /**
     * Returns resource for given key.
     * @param key a resource key.
     * @return the resource for given key.
     */
    public String getString(String key)
    {
        if(key.equals(MyPatternProperties.METHOD_NAME))
        {
            return "Method Name";
        }
        else
        if(key.equals(MyPatternProperties.TARGET_CLASS))
        {
            return "Target Class";
        }
        return null;
    }
}

```

Step #2. Creating a pattern panels class

API provides the default implementation of [com.nomagic.magicdraw.patterns.AbstractPanelContainer](#) for patterns without extended properties (just with the main properties panel). This is the [com.nomagic.magicdraw.patterns.impl.common.PatternPropertiesPanel](#) class. *MyPattern* will use this class. Other patterns may extend [AbstractPanelContainer](#) and implement/override corresponding methods.

Step #3. Creating a pattern class

Now we have *MyPattern* properties and panels. We just need the pattern implementation:

```

package com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.examples.mypatterns;

import com.nomagic.magicdraw.core.Application;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.openapi.uml.ReadOnlyElementException;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.patterns.AbstractPattern;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.patterns.
AbstractPatternProperties;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.patterns.PatternHelper;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.patterns.Target;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.properties.PropertyManager;
import com.nomagic.uml2.ext.magicdraw.classes.mdkernel.Operation;
import com.nomagic.uml2.impl.ElementsFactory;

public class MyPattern extends AbstractPattern
{
    /**
     * Returns the categorized name of the pattern.
     * @return name of the pattern {"Common", "MyPattern"}.
     */
    public String[] getCategorizedName()
    {
        return new String[]{"Common", "My Pattern"};
    }

    /**
     * Applies a design pattern to the target, using properties, passed
as an argument.
     * @param target Target, the pattern is applied for.
     * @param prop the pattern properties.
     */
    public void applyPattern(Target target, AbstractPatternProperties
prop) throws ReadOnlyElementException
    {
        PropertyManager propManager = prop.getPropertyManager();
        String methodName = propManager.getProperty
(MyPatternProperties.METHOD_NAME).getValue().toString();
        ElementsFactory ef = Application.getInstance().getProject().
getElementsFactory();
        Operation op = ef.createOperationInstance(); op.setName
(methodName);
        PatternHelper.addDistinctOperation(target.
getTargetClassifier(), op);
    }
}

```

Step #4. Creating *Description.html*

Every pattern may provide an *html* file with a pattern description. We will provide *Description.html* one:

```

<h2>MyPatern</h2>
<h3>Intent</h3>

```

Add a method into a classifier.

The *description.html* file must be in the same package as the *MyPattern* class.

Step #5. Creating plugins

Let's create the class *MyPatternPlugin*.

```

package com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.examples.mypatterns;

import com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.Plugin;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.patterns.impl.common.
PatternPropertiesPanel;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.patterns.PatternInfo;
import com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.patterns.PatternsManager;

public class MyPatternPlugin extends Plugin
{
    /**
     * Init this plugin.
     * Register MyPlugin in PluginsManager here.
     */
    public void init()
    {
        PatternsManager.getInstance().addPattern(new PatternInfo(new
MyPattern(),
                                new
PatternPropertiesPanel(), new MyPatternProperties(), "Description.html"));
    }

    /**
     * Close this plugin always.
     * @return false always
     */
    public boolean close()
    {
        return true;
    }

    /**
     * @see com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.Plugin#isSupported()
     */
    public boolean isSupported()
    {
        return true;
    }
}

```

The pattern must be registered in the [com.nomagic.magicdraw.patterns.PatternsManager](#) with the [addPattern\(PatternInfo\)](#) method. Also we need to provide *plugin.xml* for this plugin.

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<plugin
    id="mypatterns.MyPattern"
    name="My Pattern"
    version="1.0"
    provider-name="No Magic"
    class="com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.examples.mypatterns.
MyPatternPlugin">

    <requires>
        <api version="1.0"/>
        <required-plugin id="com.nomagic.magicdraw.plugins.impl.
patterns"/>
    </requires>

    <runtime>
        <library name="mypatterns.jar"/>
    </runtime>
</plugin>

```

Compile all classes and bundle them into the *mypatterns.jar* file. Also add *Description.html* into this *jar* file. Create the subfolder *mypatterns* in *<your modeling tool install>/plugins* and copy *mypatterns.jar* and *plugin.xml* into it.

For more details how to deploy plugin, see [Plugins](#).