Use Case Scenario sketch

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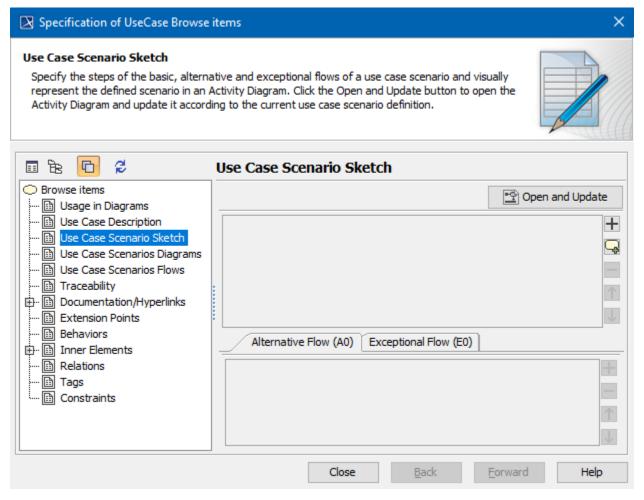


 $f{d}$ functionality is available in the Standard, Professional, Architect, and Enterprise editions.

Use Case Scenario Sketch is designed for creating the very first Use Case Scenario. After the scenario is created, you may edit it directly in the Activity diagram.

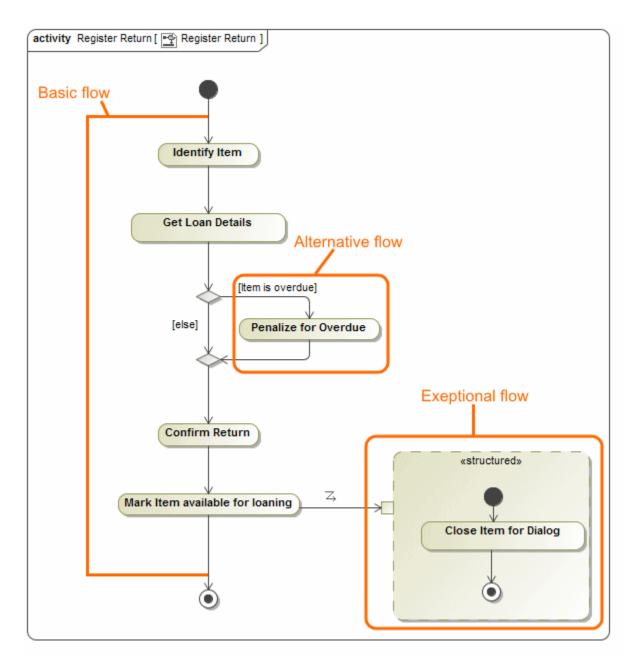
With the help of the Use Case scenario editor, you can:

- Create, review, and edit steps of the Use Case scenario by using the convenient textual values editor.
- Automatically create an Activity diagram representing the textual Use Case scenario flow. This enables you to have the textual numbered action
 flow and its graphical representation.
- Create the Use Case scenario from the Activity diagram for the particular Use Case and automatically represent this action flow as textual
 information in the Use Case scenario.



The Use Case Scenario Sketch creating in the Specification window.

The following figure depicts the same scenario represented in the Activity diagram.



A Use Case scenario can have defined basic, alternative, and exceptional flows.

Basic flow

A basic flow represents the sequence of basic steps or actions of the Use Case scenario. You can also add steps from included or extended use cases to the flow. Each basic flow step can have one or more alternative and exceptional paths. The two figures above depict the basic flow, consisting of four steps. Letters and numbers in the brackets next to the basic flow step indicate how many alternative conditions and exceptional types that particular step has. The letter A indicates alternatives flows; the letter E indicates exceptional flows.

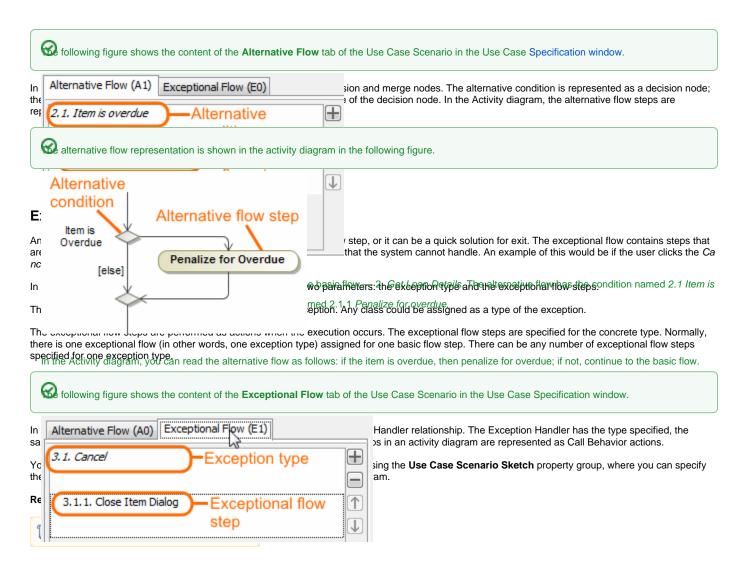
In an Activity diagram, the basic flow is the main path down from the initial node to the final node.

Alternative flow

An alternative flow is an alternative path of the basic flow. You can define an alternative flow from a particular step of the basic flow. The alternative flow is an alternative solution, performed after the defined condition is satisfied. The alternative flow contains steps that are executed if one or more conditions occur.

Thus, in the Use Case scenario, the alternative flow is specified by these two parameters: the alternative condition and the alternative flow steps.





Here, the exception flow is created for the third step of the basic flow, 3. *Confirm Return*. The exceptional flow has the type named 3.1 *Cancel*; that is, the *Cancel* class is assigned as the exception type. The type contains one exceptional flow step named 3.1.1 *Close Item Dialog*.