

Information Flow

An Information Flow specifies that one or more information items circulate from its sources to its targets. Information flows require an "information channel" for transmitting information items from the source to the destination.

An information channel is represented in various ways, depending on the nature of its sources and targets. It can be represented by connectors, links, associations, or dependencies. For example, if the source and destination are parts in composite structure diagrams such as a collaboration, the information channel is likely to be represented by a connector between them. Or, if the source and target are objects (which are a kind of Instance Specification), they can be represented by a link that joins the two, and so on. The Information Flow and the information item notation are added. You can draw them using the Information Flows toolbar in the [Class diagram](#) or [Composite Structure diagram](#).

Setting an Information Flow


Information Flows can be set on [Associations](#) in the Class Diagram and on [Connectors](#) in the Composite Structure Diagrams.

To set an Information Flow

1. Create [Classes \(Parts\)](#) and an [Association \(Connector\)](#) relationship between them.



Make sure the properties enabling display of Conveyed Information on the relationships are selected.


2. Specify Conveyed Information in the following ways:
 - Drag the Class or Information Item on an Association (Connector) and select the **Set as Conveyed Information** command.
 - Select an Association (Connector) relationship and from the smart manipulator toolbar click .
3. In the **New Conveyed Information** dialog, select **Conveyed Information**, **Information Flow**, **Direction** and click **OK**.


New Conveyed Information to Expert or All


c. Set the **Show Conveyed Information A** and **Show Conveyed Information B** check boxes to **true**.

Specify a new conveyed information

Select or create elements which will represent conveyed information circulating from source to target in a given direction.

Conveyed Information: 

Information Flow: 

Direction: 



If a new Information Flow is set on a [Connector](#) that is represented in other diagrams, the new Conveyed Information is displayed only on the diagram on which you set it. You can reverse the direction of the [Information Flow](#) on [Connectors](#). [How to reverse direction >>](#)

An Information Flow is set.



Conveyed information

One Information Flow may have several Conveyed Information items.

Related pages

- [Reversing Information Flow direction](#)
- [Information Item](#)
- [Model Elements](#)